and in what manner they compare with the offers of the other firms; and

(b) whether the deal was clinched after the Danish Prime Minister's visit to India in January, 1987; if so, the points discussed with him about the deal?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF RAILWAYS (SHRI MAHABIR PRASAD): (a) and (b) A contract for supply, erection and Commissioning of Optic Fibre Cable communication system has been awarded in May, 1988 to a Consortium of Telecommunications Consultants India Ltd., M|s. Hindustan Cables Ltd. and M|s. NKT of Denmark. The contract was on the basis of lowest and technically in accordance with specification including normal warranty period against Global tenderes opened on 30-12-1987. The contract was awarded on merits alone and there is no connection with the visit of Danish Prime Minister to India.

Reported Chaos in Promotion of Teachers in KVS

1953. DR. NAGEN SAIKIA: Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to a news item which appeared in Navbharat Times dated the 11th June, 1988 under the caption "Adhyapakon Ke Padonnati Mein Arajakta" regarding chaos generated by Kendriya Vidyalaya Sangathan's promotional policy;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof and execution referred to in it; and

(c) what steps, if any, have been taken or proposed to be taken by Government to check/remove the alleged chaos?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENTS OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRI L. P. SHAHI): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The news item mentioned about the current promotion/transfer policy in Kendriya Vidyalaya Sangathan, according to which a TGT on promotion as PGT and a PGT on recruitment or promotion as a Vice-Principal is posted out of the region in the Kendriya Vidyalaya Sangathan as well as out of the language area. It has also been stated in the news-item that this policy has resulted in a large number of teachers declining promotion.

(c) The Board of Governors of the KVS, in its meeting held on 31-5-88 have agreed that teachers promoted as PGTs and Vice-Principals will be posted either outside the region or language area. Since this decision was late for effecting transfer in the summer vacations for 1988, this modification will become effective from 1-5-1989 when the general transfer would be next ordered.

Free distribution of the formulation under National Health Programme

1954. SHRI M. KADHARSHA: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to refer to Unstarred Question 143 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 27th July, 1988 and state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Ferrous Sulphate, Folic Acid and Vitamin A in finished formulations are commonly used under Maternal and Child Health Programme;

(b) whether it is also a fact that these formulations are freely distributed under National Health Programme;

(c) whether it is also a fact that Government did not recommend for price control despite these factors;

(d) whether it is a fact that Government recommended these drugs for inclusion under category-I and later on, amended the list under the pressure of drug companies;

(e) if so, the date on which first recommendation was sent and the date of the revised list sent;

(f) whether it is a fact that Government propose to reconsider its decision; and

(g) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (KUMARI SAROJ KHAPARDE): (a) and (b) Yes, Sir.

(c) to (g) Although recommendations were sought from Ministry of Health and Family Welfare for drugs required under various National Health Programmes, their enlistment finally in Category I was done as per criteria evolved by the Department of Chemical.

Drugs required for Maternal and Child Health Programme are being evaluated for price control recommendations under Category I of the Drug Prices Control Order, 1987 to the Department of Chemicals.

Harmful effects of Khesari Dal

1955. SHRI HARI SINGH: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware of the harmful effects of the consumption of Khesari dal on the health of the human beings; and

(b) if so, what steps Government propose to take to check consumption of Khesari Dal?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (KUMARI SAROJ KHAPARDE): (a) and (b) Yes, Sir. The Government is aware of the fact that continuous consumption of Khesari dal as a staple food over a prolonged period may cause lathyrism. Sale of Khesari dal in any form has been prohibited under the provisions of Prevention of Food Adulteration Rules, 1955. All the States/UTs except Government of Madhya Pradesh, Bihar and West Bengal have issued ban notification in pursuance of the Rule 44-A of the P.F.A. Rules.

जाली हरिजन प्रमाणपत्रों के जरिए शिक्षा संस्थानों में प्रवेश

1956. **श्री सोहन लाल धूसिया :**

श्री राम चन्द्र विकल :

श्री हरि सिंह :

क्या **मानव संसाधन विकास** मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि

(क) यदि कोई गैर हरिजन अपने को हरिजन कह कर हरिजनों के लिए आरक्षित कोटे से किसी शैक्षिक या तकनीकी संस्थान में प्रवेश प्राप्त कर डिग्री हासिल कर ले और बाद में यह सिद्ध हो जाए कि अमुक व्यक्ति हरिजन नहीं है तो क्या सरकार उस व्यक्ति की डिग्री जब्त करके उस पर मुकदमा चलाएगी ; और

(ख) ऐसे मामलों को निरुत्साहित करने के लिए सरकार ने अब तक क्या कदम उठाये हैं ?

मानव संसाधन विकास मंत्रालय में शिक्षा और संस्कृति विभागों में राज्य मंत्री (श्री एल० पी० साहो) : (क) और (ख) विश्वविद्यालयों को सामान्यतया, उनके द्वारा प्रदान किए गए किसी भी डिप्लोमा, प्रमाण पत्र, डिग्री इत्यादि को सदा के लिए सही और उपयुक्त कारण से समाप्त करने का अधिकार है । किसी मामले के गुणावगुण के आधार पर कोई विश्वविद्यालय उसके द्वारा प्रदान की गई डिग्री को समाप्त करने पर विचार कर सकता है यदि कोई छात्र अ०ज० और अ०ज०जा० के संबंध में झूठा प्रमाण पत्र प्रस्तुत करके दाखिला प्राप्त करता है जो व्यक्ति जाली/झूठा प्रमाण पत्र प्रस्तुत करता है उस पर मुकदमा भी चलाया जा सकता है ।